

MPRI  PRFA

Proof assistants

 Agda



 Idris

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LEAN

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Goals

Ensure you are familiar enough with one proof assistant (Coq) so that you can



use Coq in other courses



use Coq in an internship



learn other proof assistants or become an expert Coq user via self study



ultimately use or study proof assistants as part of a PhD

We also cover **meta-theory**, in particular **dependent** type theory

(more in 2-7-1)

Important information on the course webpage

<https://mpri-prfa.github.io/>

Organisation

8 lectures

30 min

1h30

Break (10 min)

Review

Lecture + live coding

Practice

Including **advanced** optional exercises (50 min)

Self-practice during the week

Project

One big Coq exercise with files to complete and a report to write



3h exam

you may only bring *one handwritten A4 page* (both sides)



Teachers



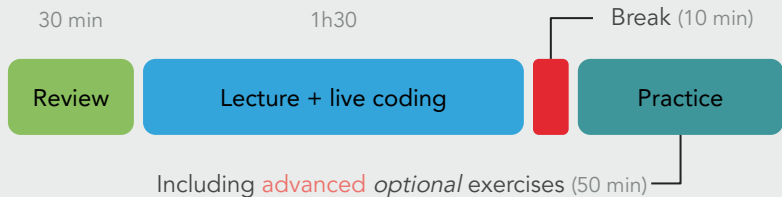
Yannick Forster

Théo Winterhalter



Proving is Programming

8 lectures



Self-practice during the week

Project

One big Coq exercise
with files to complete
and a report to write

Learning how to program takes a lot of **practice**

Every part of this course tries to help you practice

- Practical lectures with live coding
- Practice after the lecture
- Practice at home
- Practice during the project
- Self-evaluation

Keeping in touch



Join the course's [Discord](#) server

<https://discord.gg/Cxdxw3Tr>



Discuss [exercises](#), the [project](#), [other proof assistants](#)...

We'll post about [internships](#) too!

[Frequently asked questions](#) will be added to... the [FAQ](#)

Useful resources



Coq official website

coq.inria.fr

Links to everything you may need
related to Coq



Coq documentation

coq.inria.fr/doc/V8.18.0/refman/

[Tactic index](#), [command index](#)

and more...



Coq discourse

coq.discourse.group

Forum for announcements and questions
available in several languages



Coq Zulip

coq.zulipchat.com

Chat where most of Coq discussions
happen nowadays

Outline of the course

23 Sept. Intro.

30 Sept. Inductive types.

7 Oct. Proof terms and meta-theory.

14 Oct. Mathematical modelling. Automation.

21 Oct. Equality.

28 Oct. Advanced elimination / induction.

4 Nov. Tactics and meta-programming.

18 Nov. Dependent functional programming.

Subject to change
The course webpage is authoritative



Important dates

early Oct. Project handout

14 Nov. Project deadline

25 Nov. Exam



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Have

before?

<https://framaforms.org/registration-for-mpri-course-2-7-2-prfa-1726732614>

Today



Short introduction on proof assistants

Getting acquainted with Coq

Proving things in propositional logic

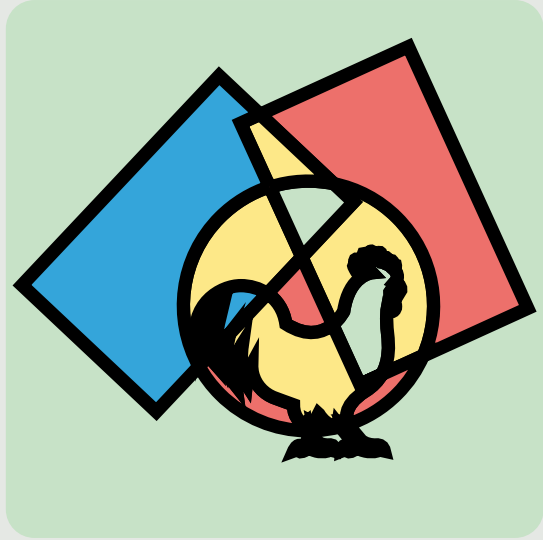
What is a proof assistant?



A piece of software for **stating** and **proving** mathematical theorems

It helps you build proofs **interactively** by giving you feedback, **inferring** missing information, and, crucially, **checking** proofs!

Why a proof assistant?

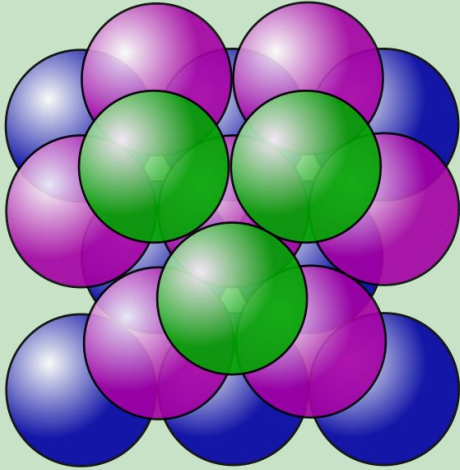


Mathematics



Program verification

Kepler conjecture



Source: [wikipedia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kepler_conjecture)

- 1611 Conjecture by Johannes Kepler
- 1998 Proof by Tom Hales
300 pages, 400k lines of code
- 1999 12 reviewers, 99% certain
- 1999 Continued reviewing,
2002 still 99% certain
- 2005 Published in Annals of Mathematics,
“without complete certification from the referees”
- 2003-2015 Formal proof project in Isabelle and HOL light
“Flyspeck”
- 2017 Published formal proof in Forum of Mathematics

Four colour theorem

1852 Conjecture by Francis Guthrie

1879 Initial proof by Alfred Kempe

1890 Percy Heawood finds a mistake
(5 colour theorem)

1976 Proof by Kenneth Appel and Wolfgang Haken

Proof idea: find an “unavoidable”, “reducible” set of configurations

Reducibility: Checked by computer, took 2 days

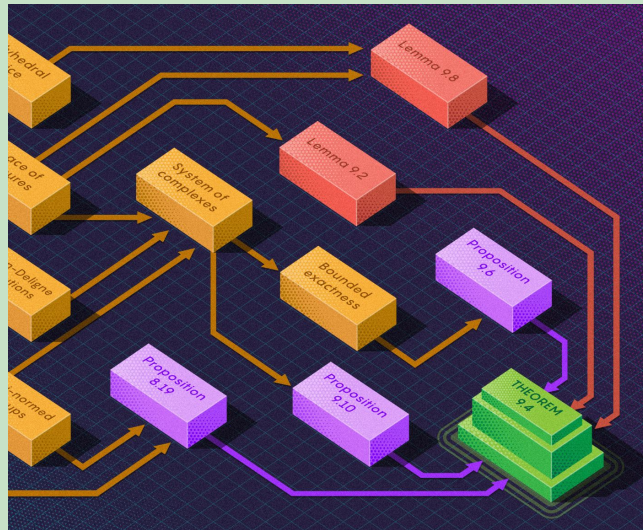
Unavoidability: 400 pages of microfiche, checked manually by Appel, Haken, and Haken’s teenage daughter Dorothea Blostein

1981 Mistakes found by Master’s student but fixed

2004 Proof in Coq by Georges Gonthier with Benjamin Werner



The liquid tensor experiment



Samuel Velasco/Quanta Magazine; Johan Commelin

- 2019 July: Scholze works out proof of central theorem of Scholze-Clausen liquid mathematics, mainly in his head
- 2019 Proof is written up, but Scholze is unsure about parts
- 2020 Scholze writes post on Kevin Buzzard's blog about "liquid tensor experiment", lead by Johan Commelin: A mechanisation of the proof in Lean
Working mode: Commelin works on the main proof, technical lemmas are outsourced to community via online chat
- 2021 May: Main argument mechanised
- 2022 July 14: complete proof mechanised

<https://www.quantamagazine.org/lean-computer-program-confirms-peter-scholze-proof-20210728/>

BusyBeaver(5)



<https://www.quantamagazine.org/amateur-mathematicians-find-fifth-busy-beaver-turing-machine-20240702>

https://www.lemonde.fr/sciences/article/2024/07/17/mathematiques-le-defi-du-castor-affaire-resolu_6251337_1650684.html

- 1962 Tibor Radó introduces “The busy beaver game”:
BB(n) is the maximal number of steps a Turing machine with n states can take
- 1966 Allen Brady discovers 4 state machine taking 107 steps
- 1974 Brady proves $BB(4) = 107$

But there are 17 trillion possible 5 state Turing machines...
- 1989 Heiner Marxen and Jürgen Buntrock find 5 state machine taking 47,176,870 steps
- 2020 Scott Aronson conjectures $BB(5) = 47,176,870$
- 2021 Busy beaver challenge started by Tristan Stérin
- 2024 Coq proof of $BB(5) = 47,176,870$
by anonymous contributors

Compiling 1 million random C programs will result in miscompilation unless
Optimisations are disabled
Or the compiler is formally verified

[John Regehr](#)

CompCert: Fully verified C compiler with optimisations



More verified software: CakeML, sel4, FiatCrypto, Google boring SSL, ...

Proof assistants can help when...

- ... proofs are too big to be reviewed
- ... proofs rely on complicated computer programs
- ... proofs are too complicated to be trusted by their authors
- ... proofs are contributed by anonymous hobbyist mathematicians
- ... computer programs are too complicated to be trusted
- ... students want to develop a deeper understanding what is a proof

We can help...

- ... you to get started learning in the lectures
- ... you to practice at home
- ... you to assess your current level constantly
- ... deepen your understanding of Coq – advanced exercises for all levels

Proving is programming: This course will take you more time than others!

Why Coq?



All proof assistants are beautiful!

But we have 8 x 3 hours to teach you

Option 1:

Reach limited proficiency in
several proof assistant
without understanding
concepts deeply



Goals



use PAs in other courses



use a PA in an internship



learn other proof assistants or become an expert PA user via self study



ultimately use or study proof assistants as part of a PhD

Why Coq?



All proof assistants are beautiful!

But we have 8 x 3 hours to teach you

Option 1:

Reach limited proficiency in several proof assistant without understanding concepts deeply



Option 2:

Reach very good proficiency in one proof assistant, be able to learn others on your own



Let's get started!

Live-coding with Coq

Resulting file will be available on the course webpage

Please close your laptops and try to follow the lecture.
If you absolutely need your laptop, please sit in the last row.

Practice with Coq

Expression	Meaning	Prove it	Use it
$P \rightarrow Q$	implication	intro	apply
$P \wedge Q$	conjunction	split	destruct
$P \vee Q$	disjunction	left, right	destruct
$\sim P$	negation	intro	apply
$x = y$	equality	reflexivity, f_equal	rewrite
$0 + 2$	addition	simpl	
n	natural numbers	constructor	induction

Installation instructions are on the course webpage (in case you didn't instal Coq already)

<https://mpri-prfa.github.io/#installing-coq>